

CMPT 111 Midterm Exam

February 25, 2004

50 Minutes. 20 questions. 100 marks. Open book. Please use a pen or a dark pencil and write legibly.

Name: Student Number:

Section 1: Multiple Choice. Each question is worth 3 marks.

1. Given 5 bits, how many distinct values can be represented?

- a. 5
- b. 15
- c. 20
- d. 24
- e. 32

2. A Java program can best be described as

- a. hardware
- b. software
- c. RAM
- d. ROM
- e. input

3. This is a legal variable name in Java:

- a. 2foryou2forme
- b. hello-world!
- c. hello_class
- d. class
- e. None of the above are legal.

4. The statement

```
System.out.println("Total" + 4 + 5 + 6);
```

will produce the following output:



- a. Total 456
- b. Total456
- c. Total 15
- d. Total15
- e. The line will not compile due to errors.

5. The statements

```
int a = 10;  
int b = 5;  
int s = 3*(-a+1)/b;
```

will put the following value in s:



- a. -6
- b. -5
- c. -3
- d. 6
- e. The statements will not compile due to errors.

6. Suppose we have

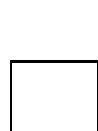
```
new String s = "University of Saskatchewan";
```

Then s.charAt[1] will return



- a. 'U'
- b. "University"
- c. "U"
- d. 'n'
- e. 'u'

7. A cast is required in which of the following situations?



- a. Using charAt to get part of a string and put it in a char
- b. Storing an int in a float
- c. Storing a float in a double
- d. Storing a float in an int
- e. All of the above require casts

8. In what phase of software development would you expect the classes and objects to be defined?

- a. Requirements phase
- b. Design phase
- c. Implementation phase
- d. Testing phase
- e. Could appear in any of the above

9. Consider the following code fragment:

```
int a = 6;
if (a >= 6)
    a++;
else
    a--;
```

What will be the value of a at the end?

- a. 0
- b. 5
- c. 6
- d. 7
- e. We will not get to the end because of errors in the code

10. Consider the following code fragment:

```
int x = 1;
while (x < 100)
    x *= 2;
```

What will be the value of x at the end?

- a. 100
- b. 101
- c. 64
- d. 128
- e. We will never reach the end, because it's an infinite loop

11. Consider the following code fragment:

```
int x = 10;  
do {  
    System.out.println(x);  
    x--;  
}  
while (x > 0);
```

How many times will the loop body execute?

- a. 0
- b. 1
- c. 9
- d. 10
- e. 11

12. Consider the following code fragment:

```
int x = 0;  
for (x = 10; x > 20; x++)  
{  
    System.out.println(x);  
}
```

How many times will the loop body execute?

- a. 0
- b. 1
- c. 9
- d. 10
- e. 11

13. The Java operator for making a new instance of a class is called

- a. new
- b. instance
- c. class
- d. constructor
- e. It is called something different for every class.

14. We would declare an instance variable to be public when

- a. We want to let others know its value
- b. We want to allow others to change its value
- c. We are providing a service to a client object
- d. We want to enforce encapsulation
- e. We should not declare an instance variable to be public

15. We have defined a method according to the following header:

```
public void myMethod(int x, int y)
```

Which of the following is a legal call to myMethod?

- a. myMethod(0);
- b. myMethod(0.0, 0.2);
- c. myMethod(2+8, 6/3);
- d. int x = myMethod(1, 2);
- e. None of the above calls are legal.

Section 2: Short Answer. If you do not know the answer to a question, write “I do not know the answer” and nothing else, and you will receive 20% of the available marks.

16. [10] Write code which takes a string called “input”, and modifies it as follows: moves the first letter to the end; capitalizes the first letter; converts the remainder of the string (after the first letter) to lower case. The modified string should be stored in a variable called “output”.

For example,

| | |
|------------------|-------------------|
| Input: cmpt | Output: Tcmp |
| Input: SASKATOON | Output: Askatoons |

17. [15] Write a compact piece of code which uses a for loop to print out the first 100 multiples of 3 (i.e., 3, 6, 9, ...). The program should print out 10 lines with 10 numbers on each line.

18. [15] Consider the following program which is full of errors. Mark directly on the program the locations of five errors, and write a few words about why each is an error.

```
public class ManyErrors
{
    private int howmanyIfound;

    public static void main(String[] myargs)
    {
        final int a = 5;
        int b = 7;
        float c = 0.0;
        BufferedReader kb =
            new BufferedReader(new InputStreamReader(System.in));
        /* now we can read input from the keyboard
        while (b > 1.0);
        {
            String s = kb.readLine();
            System.out.println(s.length);
            b++;
            a = b/3;
            c = a/3.0;
            if (c > 1.0)
                b -= 10;
        }
    }
}
```

19. [15] Consider the following piece of code.

```
int a = 0, b = 0, c = 0;
while (a < 10)
{
    a += 3;

    if (a > 5)
        b++;
    else
        b *= 2;

    if (b > 0)
        c += b*2;
}
```

What are the values of a, b, and c when the loop terminates?

20. [15] Write a method, named “LargestOfThree”, which takes in three ints as input and returns the largest of the three of them.